

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

(Consumer Confidence Report)

TRAVIS COUNTY M.U.D. # 2

Office Phone No. (512) 246-1400

Special Notice for the ELDERLY, INFANTS, CANCER PATIENTS, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune problems:

Some people may be more vulnerable to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. The EPA/Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Public Participation Opportunities

The Board of Directors meets on the 1st Wednesday every other month at 12:00 p.m. at Armbrust & Brown, 100 Congress Ave., Ste. 1300, Austin, TX 78701. Please call 435-2300 to confirm meeting dates and times.

The District's water system is operated by Crossroads Utility Services, LLC. If you have any questions concerning water quality or the source of your water, please call our Regulatory Department at (512) 246-1400.

Our Drinking Water Meets or Exceeds All Federal (EPA) Drinking Water Requirements

This report is a summary of the quality of the water we provide our customers. The analysis was made by using the data from the most recent U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) required tests and is presented in the attached pages. We hope this information helps you become more knowledgeable about what's in your drinking water.

WATER SOURCES: The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals, and in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water before treatment include: microbes, inorganic contaminants, pesticides, herbicides, radioactive contaminants, and organic chemical contaminants.

En Español

Este informe incluye informacion importante sobre el agua potable. Si tiene preguntas o comentarios sobre este informe en español favor de llamar al tel. (512) 246-1400 para hablar con una persona bilingue en español.

Where do we get our drinking water?

Your drinking water is supplied through the distribution system owned by Travis County M.U.D. #2. The District purchases water from Wilbarger Creek M.U.D. # 2. Wilbarger Creek M.U.D. # 2 purchases water from Metro H₂O. Metro H₂O purchases water from 130 Regional W.S.C (130WSC). 130WSC obtains ground water from the Carrizo-Wilcox aquifer in Caldwell County. 130WSC and Metro H₂O treat the water from these sources according to federal and state standards, removing harmful contaminants. The District constantly works with Metro H₂O to provide safe drinking water. TCEQ completed an assessment of our source water and results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for our water system are based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detection of these contaminants will be found in this report.

ALL drinking water may contain contaminants.

When drinking water meets federal standards there may not be any health based benefits to purchasing bottled water or point of use devices. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Secondary Constituents

Many constituents (such as calcium, sodium, or iron) which are often found in drinking water can cause taste, color, and odor problems. The taste and odor constituents are called secondary constituents and are regulated by the State of Texas, not the EPA. These constituents are not causes for health concern. Therefore, secondaries are not required to be reported in this document but they may greatly affect the appearance and taste of your water.

About the Following Pages

The pages that follow list all of the federally regulated or monitored contaminants which have been found in your drinking water. The U.S. EPA requires water systems to test for up to 97 contaminants.

DEFINITIONS

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)

The highest permissible level of a contaminant in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected health risk. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)

The highest level of disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination.

Treatment Technique (TT)

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Action Level (AL)

The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

ABBREVIATIONS

ND – non detect

NTU – Nephelometric Turbidity Units

MFL – million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

pCi/L – picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

ppm – parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

ppb – parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (mg/L)

ppt – parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter

ppq – parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter

Inorganic Contaminants

Year or Range	Contaminant	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	MCL	MCLG	Source of Contaminant
2016	Arsenic (ppm)	0.0019	<0.002	0.0028	0.01	0	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and production wastes.
2018	Asbestos (MFL)	0.197	0.197	0.197	7	0	Naturally occurring mineral, Leaching from asbestos pipe
2018	Barium (ppm)	0.135	0.135	0.135	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
2018	Fluoride (ppm)	0.17	0.17	0.17	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
2016	Nickel (ppm)	0.0034	0.0034	0.0034	n/a	n/a	Leaching from metals in pipes.
2019	Nitrate (ppm)	0.08	0.08	0.08	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.
2015	Nitrite (ppm)	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.
2015	Nitrate-Nitrite (ppm)	0.04	0.04	0.04	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.
2016	Gross alpha (pCi/L)	<3	<3	<3	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits.
2016	Gross beta emitters	<4	<4	<4	50	0	Erosion of natural deposits.
2016	Selenium (ppm)	0.0329	0.0329	0.0329	0.05	0.05	Naturally occurring trace mineral. Promotes good health in small amounts, but can be toxic.

Organic Contaminants NONE DETECTED**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level**

Year	Disinfectant	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	MCL	MCLG	Source of Disinfectant
2019	Chlorine (ppm)	1.78	1.2	2.2	4	4	Disinfectant used to control microbes.

Disinfection Byproducts

Year	Contaminant	LR Annual Average	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	MCL	Unit of Measure	Source of Contaminant
2019	Total Haloacetic Acids	< 6.0	< 6.0	< 6.0	60	ppb	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.
2019	Total Trihalomethanes	15.6	15.6	15.6	80	ppb	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.

Unregulated Contaminants

Bromoform, chloroform, bromodichloromethane, and dibromochloromethane are disinfection byproducts. There is no maximum contaminant level for these chemicals at the entry point to distribution.							
Year	Contaminant	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level		Unit of Measure	Source of Contaminant
2019	Bromoform	1.9	1.9	1.9		ppb	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.
2019	Chloroform	3.5	3.5	3.5		ppb	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.
2019	Bromodichloromethane	5.3	5.3	5.3		ppb	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.
2019	Dibromochloromethane	4.9	4.9	4.9		ppb	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection.

Turbidity NOT REQUIRED**Total Coliform** REPORTED MONTHLY TESTS FOUND NO TOTAL COLIFORM BACTERIA.**Fecal Coliform** REPORTED MONTHLY TESTS FOUND NO FECAL COLIFORM BACTERIA.

Lead and Copper

Year	Contaminant	The 90 th Percentile	Number of Sites Exceeding Action Level	Action Level	Unit of Measure	Source of Contaminant
2017	Lead	0.543	0	15	ppb	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.
2017	Copper	0.0189	0	1.3	ppm	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.

Required Additional Health Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. This water supply is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Secondary and Other Constituents Not Regulated

(No associated adverse health effects)

Year or Range	Contaminant	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	Limit	Source of Contaminant
2016	Aluminum (ppb)	0.0363	0.0363	0.0363	0.2	Abundant naturally occurring element.
2016	Bicarbonate (ppm)	215	215	215	NA	Corrosion of carbonate rocks such as limestone.
2016	Calcium (ppm)	9.69	9.69	9.69	NA	Abundant naturally occurring element.
2016	Chloride (ppm)	18	18	18	300	Abundant naturally occurring element; used in water purification; byproduct of oil field activity.
2016	Copper (ppm)	0.0021	0.0021	0.0021	NA	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
2016	Iron (ppm)	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.3	Erosion of natural deposits; iron or steel delivery equipment or facilities.
2016	Magnesium (ppm)	3.27	3.27	3.27	NA	Abundant naturally occurring element.
2016	Manganese (ppm)	0.0019	0.0019	0.0019	0.5	Abundant naturally occurring element.
2012	pH (units)	8.1	8.1	8.1	>7	Measure of corrosivity of water.
2016	Sodium (ppm)	78.6	78.6	78.6	NA	Erosion of natural deposits; byproduct of oil field activity.
2016	Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃ (ppm)	190	190	190	NA	Naturally occurring soluble mineral salts.
2016	Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	269	269	269	1000	Total dissolved mineral constituents in water.
2016	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃ (ppm)	37.7	37.7	37.7	NA	Naturally occurring calcium.
2016	Zinc (ppm)	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	5	Moderately abundant naturally occurring element; used in the metal industry.

P.W.S. #2270241



Consumer Confidence Report TCEQ Certificate of Delivery
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

For Calendar year: 2019

Date Distributed to Customers: 5/05/2020

PWS ID Number: 2270241

PWS Name: Travis County Mud 2

You must use at least one direct delivery and at least one good faith delivery method. If your system is under 500 population, please use Small System Certificate of Delivery form.

Direct Delivery Methods

- Mail a paper copy of the CCR
- Mail notification that CCR is available on-line at <http://crossroadsus.com/ccr/2020/2019-CCR-TCM2.pdf>
*The Internet link (url) you insert above must take customers directly to the open CCR.
- Email direct web address of the CCR, available at http://_____
- Email CCR as an attachment to or an embedded image in an email.
- Other direct delivery (for example, door hangers or additional electronic delivery method).
Please specify: _____

Systems serving 100,000 or more people are required to post the CCR on a publicly available web site and provide the direct URL here: http://_____

Good faith delivery methods (To reach people who do not receive bills)

- Posting the CCR on the Internet at
- <http://www.crossroadsus.com>
- Mailing the CCR to people who receive mail, but who do not receive bills.
- Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media.
- Posting the CCR in public places.
- Delivering multiple copies to single billing addresses serving multiple persons.
- Delivering multiple copies of the CCR to community organizations.

I certify that the community water system named above has distributed the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) for the calendar year of 2019 and that the information in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the TCEQ. Systems serving 100,000 or more people are required to post the CCR on a publicly available web site and provide the direct URL.

Certified By:

Name (print): Darrell Winslett Title: Regulatory Compliance Specialist Phone Number: 512827-1119

Signature: *Darrell Winslett* Date: 06/01/2020

All systems are required to mail by July 1 the Certificate of Delivery and Consumer Confidence Report to:

Sending by certified mail:	Sending by regular mail:
TCEQ DWSF, MC-155, Attn: CCR, 12100 Park 35 Circle Austin, TX 78753	TCEQ DWSF, MC-155, Attn: CCR, PO Box 13087 Austin, TX 78711-3087